## ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by:

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Ashland Independent School District Ashland, KY

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ashland Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information on pages as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Shad J. Allen, CFA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

Year ended June 30, 2024

As management of the Ashland Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Finished the year with a General Fund balance of \$4.9 million.
- Concluded spending of COVID-19 federal funds.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the district is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

Year ended June 30, 2024

Refer to the table of contents to find the government-wide financial statements.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

Refer to the table of contents to find the basic governmental fund financial statements.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. To find the notes to the financial statements please refer to the table of contents.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, the net position was 5.75 million as of June 30, 2024.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Year ended June 30, 2024

Table 1
Net Position (in Millions)

							Total
	Gove	rnmental	Busine	ess-type		Total	Percentage
	A	ctivities	Ac	tivities	School Distric	ct	Change
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023-2024
Assets:							
Current and Other Assets	9.71	9.63	1.47	1.81	11.18	11.44	2%
Capital Assets	39.41	41.50	0.15	0.14	39.56	41.64	
Total Assets	49.12	51.13	1.62	1.95	50.74	53.08	5%
			2.42		40.05		-0/
Deferred Outflows	10.77	11.31	0.18	0.20	10.95	11.51	_ 5%
	10.77	11.31	0.18	0.20	10.95	11.51	_
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities	5.20	4.03	0.01	0.01	5.21	4.04	-22%
Noncurrent Liabilities	46.55	41.96	0.54	0.50	47.09	42.46	-10%
Total Liabilities	51.75	45.99	0.55	0.51	52.30	46.50	
Deferred Inflows	9.24	58.14	0.18	0.20	9.42	58.34	<u> </u>
	9.24	58.14	0.18	0.20	9.42	58.34	_
Invested in Capital Assets							
Net of Debt	14.19	16.32	0.15	0.14	14.33	16.46	15%
Restricted	1.67	2.83	0.92	1.32	0.75	4.15	457%
Deficit							
Unrestricted Net Position	(16.96)	(14.86)	-		(16.96)	(14.86)	-12%
Total Net Position	(1.10)	4.29	1.07	1.46	(0.03)	5.75	<u>-</u> 17542%

Year ended June 30, 2024

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

			(1	11 11111110	115)							
												Total
									То	tal		Percentage
	Gov	ernment	al Ac	tivities	Bu	siness-Typ	e Ac	tivities	School	Dist	rict	Change
	2	<u> 2023</u>	<u>2</u>	024		2023	2	<u> 2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2</u>	024	2023-2024
Revenues:												
Charges for services					\$	0.09	\$	0.10	\$ 0.09	\$	0.10	8%
Operating grants and contributions		11.62		12.53		2.70		3.00	14.31		15.53	9%
Capital grants and contributions		2.08		0.28				-	2.08		0.28	-87%
General revenues				26.79				0.01	-		26.80	#DIV/0!
Total revenue		13.69		39.60		2.79		3.11	16.48		42.71	159%
Expenses:												
Instruction	\$	26.46	\$	26.71					\$ 26.46	\$	26.71	1%
Student		1.50		1.44					1.50		1.44	-4%
Instructional staff		7.37		3.87					7.37		3.87	-48%
District administration		0.95		1.21					0.95		1.21	28%
School administration		1.93		1.76					1.93		1.76	-9%
Business		0.64		0.60					0.64		0.60	-7%
Plant operation & maintenance		4.36		4.90					4.36		4.90	12%
Student transportation		1.59		2.08					1.59		2.08	31%
Food Service Operations		0.01		0.01		2.26		2.53	2.27		2.54	12%
Community services operations		0.39		0.42				0.19	0.39		0.61	
Day Care Operations						0.00			0.00		-	-100%
Building Acqu & Construction		0.06		0.02					0.06		0.02	
Amortization		0.12		0.12					0.12		0.12	-2%
Depreciation		2.14		0.25		0.04		0.01	2.18		0.26	-88%
Interest on long-term debt		0.48		0.80					0.48		0.80	65%
Total Expenses	\$	48.02	\$	44.19	\$	2.30	\$	2.73	\$ 50.32	\$	46.92	-7%
Change in net position	\$	(34.33)	\$	(4.59)	\$	0.49	\$	0.38	\$ (33.84)	\$	(4.21)	

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### Capital Assets (net) at Year-End FY2024

	Governmental	Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	To	otals
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024
Land	1,688,116	1,688,116			1,688,116	1,688,116
Land Improvements	1,261,909	1,230,619			1,261,909	1,230,619
Buildings & Improvements	35,678,315	35,996,725	3,750	3,733	35,682,065	36,000,458
Technology Equipment	36,473	40,209			36,473	40,209
Vehicles	260,638	391,177			260,638	391,177
General Equipment	489,456	1,225,779	141,010	136,278	630,466	1,362,057
Construction In Progress		895,173				895,173

## Outstanding Debt at Year-End (in Millions)

## Governmental Activities

		2023		2024	
General Obligation Bonds KISTA	\$_	25.27 0.30		25.18 0.73	
Total Obligations	\$_	25.57	\$ <u></u>	25.91	

Year ended June 30, 2024

REVENUE		
	Governmental	Proprietary
Local Revenue Sources	12,147,349	109,854
State Revenue Sources	26,495,738	317,264
Federal Revenue Sources	1,441,520	2,682,939
Other	2,097,794	4,249
Transfers	3,046,452	
TOTALS	45,228,852	3,114,306
EXPENDITURES	Governmental	Proprietary
Instruction	28,994,424	
Student Support Services	1,509,051	
Instructional Staff Support Services	4,010,141	
District Admin Support	1,261,596	
School Admin Support	1,886,515	
Business Support Services	635,533	
Plant Operation & Management	6,290,244	
Student Transportation	1,869,102	
Other Instructional	4,232	
Food Service Operations	,	2,534,045
Day Care Operations		187,201
Community Services	734,278	
Building Acqu & Construction		
Debt Service	2,981,855	
Site Improvement	915,583	
Building Renovations		
Other Items		
Transfers	3,046,452	
TOTALS	54,139,005	2,721,246
Excess / (Deficit)	(8,910,153)	393,060

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This chart does not include beginning balances.

Year ended June 30, 2024

In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district's overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2.0% contingency in the Tentative Final Working budget. While it is not mandatory in the Final Working budget, the Kentucky Department of Education places district's with less than a 2% reserve on a financial watch list. The district maintained a budgeted general fund contingency in excess of \$1,775,150 or approximately 6.62% of actual expenditures based on the Kentucky Department of Education's formula for calculating contingency. Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent of Schools, D. Sean Howard, or the Director of Finance/Board Treasurer, Nikie Clark, at (606) 327-2706 or by mail at 1820 Hickman Street, Ashland, KY 41101.

#### Ashland Independent School District **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2024

	_	Pri	mary Government		
	_	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Component Unit
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,374,734 \$	1,816,767 \$	9,191,501 \$	195,294
Investments		44,901		44,901	
Receivables (net)					
Taxes		129,544		129,544	10,051
Accounts				-	
Intergovernmental		1,998,220	-	1,998,220	
Inventories			1,426	1,426	
Capital assets:		0.500.000		0.500.000	
Land, and construction in progress		2,583,289	440.040	2,583,289	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	_	38,915,798	140,012	39,055,810	
Total capital assets	_	41,499,087	140,012	41,639,098	- 005 045
Total assets	-	51,046,486	1,958,205	53,004,691	205,345
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows or RESOURCES  Deferred outflows related to pensions		4,812,265	153,092	4,965,357	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		6,095,419	48,157	6,143,576	
Bond defeasance costs		398,262	40,137	398,262	
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	11,305,946	201,249	11,507,195	-
Total deletted outflows of resources	-	11,303,940	201,249	11,307,193	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	=	62,352,433	2,159,454	64,511,886	205,345
LIABILITIES					
LIABILITIES		102 E01		102 F01	
Accrued interest payable		193,591	2.000	193,591	
Accounts payable		668,454	3,088	671,542 61.797	
Accrued salaries and benefits		61,797		- , -	
Unearned revenue		754,667		754,667	
Long-term liabilities:					
Due within 1 year:		2 170 000		2 170 000	
Bond obligations		2,170,000		2,170,000	
Capital lease obligations	_	99,838 2,269,838		99,838 2,269,838	
Total due within 1 year Due in more than 1 year:	-	2,209,030		2,209,030	
Bond obligations		23,005,440		23,005,440	
Capital lease obligations		630,550		630,550	
Sick leave					
Net pension liability		612,666	405,407	612,666	
Net OPEB liability		12,643,922 5,062,945	98,585	13,049,329 5,161,530	
Total due in more than 1 year	-	41,955,522	503,993	42,459,515	
Total liabilities	-	45,903,869	507.081	46,410,950	
Total habilities	-	45,905,609	307,001	40,410,950	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		2,210,571	112,860	2,323,431	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		9,946,457	84,238	10,030,696	
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	12,157,028	197,099	12,354,127	
rotal deleties innows of resources	-	12,107,020	101,000	12,004,121	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	58,060,897	704,179	58,765,077	-
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in capital assets		16,323,647	140,012	16,463,658	_
Restricted for:		. 0,020,011	,	. 0, . 00,000	
Capital projects		2,411,965		2,411,965	
Student activities		419,393		419,393	
Food Service		110,000	1,141,608	1,141,608	
Day Care Operations			173,654	173,654	205,345
Unrestricted			110,004	-	200,040
Deficit		(14,863,469)		(14,863,469)	
Total net position	-	4,291,535	1,455,274	5,746,810	205,345
·	-	.,_5.,000	.,	2,0,0.0	200,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$_	62,352,433 \$	2,159,454 \$	64,511,886 \$	205,345
	=				

#### Ashland Independent School District Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Progran	n Revenues			Net (Expense)	Reve	nue and Chang	es in N	let Position	
						_	Primary Government						
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Gr	perating ants and atributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	_	Business- type Activities		Total	Component Unit
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:													
Governmental activities:													
Instruction	\$	26,714,470	\$	\$	7,573,815	\$	\$	(19,140,655)			\$	(19,140,655)\$	
Support Services													
Student		1,442,790			409,045			(1,033,745)				(1,033,745)	
Instructional Staff		3,872,391			1,097,861			(2,774,530)				(2,774,530)	
District Administration		1,219,419			345,717			(873,702)				(873,702)	
School Administration		1,755,432			497,682			(1,257,750)				(1,257,750)	
Business		595,006			168,690			(426,316)				(426,316)	
Plant Operation & Maintenance		4,903,450			1,390,176			(3,513,274)				(3,513,274)	
Student Transportation		2,084,589			591,002			(1,493,588)				(1,493,588)	
Other instructional		4,232			1,200			(3,032)				(3,032)	
Community service operations		422,935			119,906			(303,029)				(303,029)	
Building Acquistions & Construction		20,411			5,787	276,697		262,073				262,073	
Amortization		120,105			34,051			(86,054)				(86,054)	
Depreciation		250,667			71,067			(179,601)				(179,601)	
Interest on general long-term debt	_	803,100			227,687			(575,414)				(575,414)	
Total governmental activities	_	44,208,998	-		12,533,686	276,697	-	(31,398,615)				(31,398,615)	
Business-type activities:													
Food service operations		2,534,045	82,378		2,829,449				\$	377,782		377,782	
Daycare operations		187,201	22,475		170,754					6,028		6,028	
Depreciation	_	4,748							_	(4,748)		(4,748)	
Total business-type activities	_	2,725,995	104,853		3,000,203		-	<u> </u>	_	379,062	_	379,062	
Total primary government	\$	46,934,993	\$ 104,853	•	15,533,889			(31,398,615)		379,062		(31,019,553)	
	Ψ_		104,000	_ \$	15,533,669	\$ 276,697	-	(01,000,010)	_	373,002	_	(=:,=:=,===)	
Component unit:	Ψ		Ψ	_ \$	15,533,669	\$ 276,697		(01,000,010)		373,002	_	(=:,=:=,===,	
Component unit: Public School Corporation of Ashland	¥ <u> </u>		Ψ 104,000	Φ	15,533,669	\$ 276,697		(01,000,010)		373,002		(= 1,= 15,= 55)	
	\$ <u> </u>	613,565		\$ \$		\$ 276,697	- <u>-</u>	(01,000,010)	_	373,002		(21,010,000)	
Public School Corporation of Ashland	· <del>-</del>						- <del>-</del>	(0.,000,0.0)	_	575,002		(* 1,2 - 2,3 - 2,7	(613,565
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$ \$	613,565	\$	\$		\$	- -	(2.1300,010)	_	07.0,002	_	(2,13,13)	(613,565
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$ _ \$ _	613,565	\$	\$		\$	- -	(0.1,000,010)	_	07.0,002		(2,100,000)	(613,565
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$ _ \$ _ General revenue Taxes:	613,565 s:	\$	\$		\$	- <del>-</del>		_	07.0,002			
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$ \$ General revenue Taxes: Property t	613,565 s: axes	\$	\$		\$		7,234,697	_	013,002		7,234,697	
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$ \$ General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh	613,565 s: axes icle taxes	\$	\$		\$		7,234,697 2,368,046	_	013,002		7,234,697 2,368,046	
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$ \$ General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax	613,565 s: axes icle taxes es	\$	\$		\$	-	7,234,697	_	013,002		7,234,697	
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$ \$ General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants	\$	\$		\$	-	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389		013,002		7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389	
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$  General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and for	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants tties	\$	\$		\$	-	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731		013,002		7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731	(613,565 625,961
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$  General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and forn Student activi	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants tties venue	\$	\$		\$		7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894		4,249		7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894	
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$  General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and for Student activi Other local re Sale of equip	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants ties venue ment	\$	\$		\$		7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196	_			7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 4,249	
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$  General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and fon Student activi Other local re Sale of equip Unrestricted i	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants ties venue ment nvestment earning	\$	\$		\$	-	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894	_	4,249	_	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 4,249 453,104	
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	\$  General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and fon Student activi Other local re Sale of equip Unrestricted i	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants ties evenue ment nvestment earning general revenues	\$	\$		\$	- -	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 453,104 36,790,057			_	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 4,249	625,961
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and fon Student activi Other local re Sale of equip Unrestricted i Total (	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants ties venue ment nvestment earning general revenues sittion	\$	\$		\$	- -	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 453,104	=	4,249 4,249	_	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 4,249 453,104 36,794,306	625,961
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and for Student activi Other local re Sale of equip Unrestricted i Total ( Change in net po	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants ties venue ment nvestment earning general revenues sittion	\$	\$		\$	-	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 453,104 36,790,057 5,391,442		4,249 4,249 383,311	=	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 4,249 453,104 36,794,306 5,774,753	625,961 625,961 12,396
Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District	General revenue Taxes: Property t Motor veh Uitility tax State and for Student activi Other local re Sale of equip Unrestricted i Total ( Change in net po	s:  axes icle taxes es mula grants ties vvenue ment nvestment earning general revenues sistion ginning ddjustment - See I	\$	\$		\$	· ·	7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 453,104 36,790,057 5,391,442 (1,097,967)		4,249 4,249 383,311		7,234,697 2,368,046 1,710,389 23,688,731 1,045,894 289,196 4,249 453,104 36,794,306 5,774,753	625,961 625,961 12,396

#### Balance Sheet

#### **Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2024

#### **Governmental Funds**

	_	General	Spe Reve		Debt Service Fund		Building Fund	Construction	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,037,100	\$	\$		\$	1,187,970 \$	1,680,310	\$ 469,355 \$	
Investments		44,901								44,901
Receivables, net										
Taxes-current		129,544								129,544
Taxes-delinquent			4.0	.00.000						4 000 000
Intergovernmental		4 407 700	1,9	98,220						1,998,220
Interfund (Special Revenue Fund)	_	1,167,786					4 407 070	4 600 340	460.055	1,167,786
Total assets	_	5,379,331	1,9	98,220	-	=	1,187,970	1,680,310	469,355	10,715,185
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		86,410		75,767				506,277	-	668,454
Accrued payroll liabilities		61,797		•				•		61,797
Interfund (General Fund)		•	1,1	67,786						1,167,786
Unearned revenue			7	54,667						754,667
Total liabilities	_	148,207	1,9	98,220	-	_	-	506,277	-	2,652,704
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted		276,465					1,187,970	1,174,033	469,355	3,107,823
Assigned		_,,,,,,					.,,	.,,	,	-, ,
Unassigned		4,954,658								4,954,658
Total fund balance	_	5,231,124			-		1,187,970	1,174,033	469,355	8,062,481
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	5,379,331	\$ 1,9	98,220 \$	-	\$	1,187,970 \$	1,680,310	\$ \$69,355_\$	10,715,185

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 8,062,481
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	41,499,087
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	398,262
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable  Bonds payable  Capital leases payable  Sick leave liability  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liability	(193,591) (25,175,440) (730,388) (612,666) (12,643,922) (5,062,945)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to pensions	4,812,265 6,095,419 (9,946,457) (2,210,571)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,291,535

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Special	Debt Service	Building		Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Revenue	Fund	Fund	Construction	Funds	Funds
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$ 5,995,603	\$	\$	\$ 1,239,094	\$	\$	\$ 7,234,697
Motor vehicle	795,902			1,572,144			2,368,046
Utilities	1,710,389						1,710,389
Student activities		5,222				1,040,672	1,045,894
Earnings on investments	453,104						453,104
Other local revenue	186,460	94,941					281,402
Intergovernmental - state	22,828,235	1,273,677	544,985			276,697	24,923,594
Intergovernmental - federal	315,511	11,260,009					11,575,520
Total revenues	32,285,205	12,633,850	544,985	2,811,238		1,317,369	49,592,646
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction	20,986,343	6,656,162				1,049,698	28,692,203
Support Services							
Student	1,487,217	51,834					1,539,051
Instructional Staff	1,251,055	2,759,086					4,010,141
District Administration	1,261,596						1,261,596
School Administration	1,767,043	119,472					1,886,515
Business	569,173	66,360					635,533
Plant Operation & Maintenance	4,019,126	2,384,224					6,403,350
Student Transportation	1,654,279	214,823					1,869,102
Other Instructional		4,232					4,232
Community Services	6,065	416,870					422,935
Building Improvements		20,411			895,173		915,583
Debt Service	52,669		2,783,169		32,910		2,868,748
Total expenditures	33,054,567	12,693,473	2,783,169		928,083	1,049,698	50,508,989
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(769,362)	(59,623)	(2,238,184)	2,811,238	(928,083)	267,671	(916,343)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Bond Proceeds					2,097,794		2,097,794
Operating transfers in	849,751	71,623	2,238,184		2,097,794		3,159,558
			2,230,104	(2.044.220)		(276 607)	
Operating transfers (out)  Total other financing sources and (uses)	(59,623) 790,128	(12,000) 59,623	2,238,184	(2,811,238) (2,811,238)	2,097,794	(276,697) (276,697)	(3,159,558) 2,097,794
rotal other linariding sources and (uses)	790,120	59,023	2,230,104	(2,011,230)	2,097,794	(276,697)	2,097,794
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	20,766		-	-	1,169,712	(9,026)	1,181,451
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	5,210,358		1,940	1,187,970	4,322	478,381	6,882,970
PRIOR PERIOD ADUSTMENT			(1,940)				(1,940)
RESTATED BEGINNING BALANCE	5,210,358			1,187,970	4,322	478,381	6,881,030
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ 5,231,124	\$	\$	\$1,187,970	1,174,033	469,355	\$ 8,062,481

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	1,181,451
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions		1,387,113
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.		
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions		1,308,408
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated		
economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.		2,084,180
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.		(86,315)
Bonds sold at a discount/premium are deducted/added to the related bond issues and amortized over the life of the bond in the government wide financial statements, but are recognized in the year the bonds are sold in the fund financial statements.		(33,790)
Bonds sold are reported and revenues in the fund financial statements but are reported as an increase to liabilities in the government wide financial statements	1	(2,568,625)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.		2,224,196
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.		
Accrued interest payable		(45,442)
Noncurrent sick leave payable		(59,735)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	5,391,442

#### Ashland Independent School District Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

			En	terprise Funds		
		School Food Services	_	Child Service		Total
ASSETS	•	4 570 040	•	222 425	•	4 0 4 0 7 0 7
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	1,578,642	\$	238,125	\$	1,816,767
Inventories		1,426				1,426
Capital assets:		,				,
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		140,012				140,012
Total assets	_	1,720,079	_	238,125		1,958,205
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		137,056		16,036		153,092
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		41,289		6,867		48,157
	_	178,345	_	22,904	_	201,249
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	1,898,424	_	261,029		2,159,454
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		3,088				3,088
Net pension liability		354,145		51,262		405,407
Net OPEB liability		85,163		13,423		98,585
Total liabilities	_	442,396	_	64,685		507,081
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		100,004		12,857		112,860
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	_	74,405		9,833		84,238
Total defered inflows of resources		174,409	_	22,690		197,099
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		616,804		87,375		704,179
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets		140,012				140,012
Restricted		1,141,608		173,654		1,315,263
Total net position		1,281,620	_	173,654		1,455,274
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,898,424	\$	261,029	\$	2,159,454

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Funds					
	_	School Food Services		Other Enterprise Fund		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES							
Lunchroom sales	\$	82,378	\$		\$	82,378	
Tuition				22,475		22,475	
Other local revenue		5,000				5,000	
Total operating revenues	_	87,378	_	22,475	_	109,853	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Depreciation		4,748				4,748	
Food service operations							
Employee services		969,089				969,089	
Operational expense		1,564,956				1,564,956	
Daycare operations							
Operational expense			_	187,201	. <u> </u>	187,201	
Total operating expenses		2,538,794		187,201		2,725,995	
Operating income (loss)		(2,451,415)		(164,726)	· —	(2,616,141)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
Intergovermental revenues		2,829,449		170,754		3,000,203	
Sales of equipment		4,249			. <u> </u>	4,249	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	2,833,698		170,754	· <u>-</u>	3,004,452	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		382,283		6,028		388,311	
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		899,337	_	167,626		1,066,963	
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	1,281,620	\$	173,654	\$	1,455,274	

## Ashland Independent School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Enterprise Funds		
		School Food Services	_	Child Care	_	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$	362.644	\$	22.475	\$	385.119
Payments to suppliers	•	(1,560,261)	•	(187,940)	•	(1,748,201)
Payments to employees		(1,028,589)		18,468		(1,010,122)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	(2,226,206)	_	(146,997)	_	(2,373,203)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Operating grants and contributions		2,829,449		170,754		3,000,203
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		2,829,449	_	170,754	_	3,000,203
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Sale of equipment		4,249				4,249
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	4,249	_	-	_	4,249
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		607,492		23,757		631,249
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		971,149	_	214,368	_	1,185,518
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	1,578,642	\$_	238,125	\$ _	1,816,766
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)						
by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,451,415)	\$	(164,726)	\$	(2,616,141)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		4.748				4.748
Changes in assets and liabilities:		4,740				4,740
Receivables		275.265				275.265
Inventory		8,933				8,933
Deferred outflows		(16,120)		(7,823.38)		(23,944)
Deferred inflows		12,394		7,629.21		20,023
Pension liability		247,972		41,392.09		289,364
OPEB liability		(303,745)		(22,730.35)		(326,475)
Accounts payable		(4,237)		(739.00)		(4,976)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(2,226,206)	\$	(146,997)	\$	(2,373,203)

#### NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$129,060 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$146,510 provided by state government.

# Ashland Independent School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2024

	_	Trust Funds
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Total assets	\$_	3,670 3,670
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST	_	3,670

## Ashland Independent School District Statement of Changes in Fiduiciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	 Enterprise Funds		
	Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS Investment income Tuition Total additions	\$		
DEDUCTIONS Support Services Total Duductions			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			
NET POSITION-BEGINNING	3,670		
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$ 3,670		

## ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The Ashland Independent Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Ashland Independent Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Ashland Independent Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

#### **Blended Component Unit**

The Board authorized establishment of the Ashland Independent Board of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Ashland Independent Board of Education.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit:**

#### Public School Corporation of Ashland Independent School District ("PSCA")

The Board formed this component unit as a nonstock, non-profit corporation to be its agency and instrumentality. Its purpose in this capacity is to finance the acquisition of properties for public school, junior college or community college uses and in furtherance of public purposes and functions of the Board.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each functionor program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

#### (A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Within the General Fund, a permanent fund was established from a gift to the P. Blazer High School for scholarships the benefit of students seeking a college degree. This is always a major fund of the District.

#### (B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. KDE

requires this fund to be a major fund.

#### (C) Student Activities Fund

The Student Activities Fund accounts are used to support co-curricular activities, and are raised and expended by student groups. These funds are subject to "Redbook".

#### (D) District Activities Fund

The District Activities Fund accounts for funds raised throughout the District by anyone other than students, i.e., athletic events, school pictures, etc.

#### (E) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

#### SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

#### Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.

#### Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling.

#### (F) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

#### II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

#### Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

Child Care Fund

The Child Care Fund is used to account for daycare activities of the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of

accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchangetransactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted,matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also beavailable before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### **Inventories**

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

#### Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as

prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the

noncurrent portion of Financed purchases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making terminationpayments.

#### Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable: Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds

that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.

Restricted: Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed: Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned: Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose,

including encumbrances.

Unassigned: Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the

General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

#### **Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories:

1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position areavailable.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations

were \$.702 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.702 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.514 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

#### In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordancewith the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental

Funds. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

#### Recent GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB

Statement No. 62 effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined

### NOTE B - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$9,273,596. The bank balance for thesame time was \$9,947,031.

The General Fund had \$44,901 in certificates of deposit at June 30, 2024

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and Child Care.

# NOTE C- CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		July 1, 2023		Additions	Deductions		June 30, 2024
Land	\$	1,688,116	\$		\$	\$	1,688,116
Land Improvements		1,288,188			31,290		1,256,898
Buildings		98,006,001		485,212			98,491,213
Technology equipment		3,481,514		31,210	28,805		3,483,919
Vehicles		2,469,882		153,908			2,623,790
General equipment		2,323,331		769,345	43,325		3,049,351
Construction in progress	_			895,173		-	895,173
Total at historical cost	\$ _	109,257,032	\$	2,334,848	\$ 103,420	\$	111,488,460
Less: Accumulated depreciation							
Land Improvements	\$	26,279	\$		\$	\$	26,279
Buildings		62,327,687		166,802			62,494,488
Technology equipment		3,445,041		27,475	28,805		3,443,711
Vehicles		2,209,244		23,370			2,232,613
General equipment	_	1,833,875	-	33,022	 43,325		1,823,572
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ =	69,842,125	\$	250,667	\$ 72,130	\$	70,020,663
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets-net	\$ =	39,414,907	\$	2,084,180	\$ 31,290	\$	41,467,797
Business-Type Activities		July 1, 2023		Additions	Deductions		June 30, 2024
Buildings	\$	5,091	\$		\$	\$	5,091
Technology equipment		60,892					60,892
General equipment	_	1,533,648			 33,808		1,499,841
Total at historical cost	\$ _	1,599,632	\$		\$ 33,808	\$	1,565,824
Less: Accumulated depreciation							
Buildings		1,341		17			1,358
Technology equipment		60,892					60,892
General equipment	_	1,392,639		4,731	 33,808	-	1,363,563
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ _	1,454,872	\$	4,748	\$ 33,808	\$	1,425,813
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets-net	\$ _	144,760	\$	(4,748)	\$ -	\$	140,012

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as "unallocated".

#### **NOTE D – DEBT OBLIGATIONS**

#### Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Ashland Independent School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Ashland Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2024 are summarized below:

		Original	Maturity	Interest	Bonds Outstanding			Bonds Outstanding
<b>Bond Issues</b>		Amount	<b>Dates</b>	<u>Rates</u>	June 30, 2023	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2024
2022-REF	\$	1,060,000	8/1/2033	1.0 - 2.55%	9,590,000		470,000	9,120,000
2012R	\$	3,655,000	2/1/2024	1.0 - 2.3%	405,000		405,000	-
2013 QZAB	\$	4,043,000	8/1/2029	1.29%	1,848,000		255,000	1,593,000
2013 Energy	\$	2,705,000	11/1/2033	2.0 - 4.125%	2,070,000		120,000	1,950,000
2014R	\$	3,730,000	8/1/2029	1.0 - 3.125%	2,815,000		115,000	2,700,000
2015R	\$	5,830,000	8/1/2026	2.0 - 2.15%	2,690,000		650,000	2,040,000
2016	\$	5,180,000	11/1/2036	1.10 - 3.375%	4,650,000		105,000	4,545,000
2020	\$	84,000	9/1/2040	1.0 - 2.0%	800,000		20,000	780,000
2020B	\$	750,000	10/1/2040	1.0 - 2.0%	680,000		35,000	645,000
2024	\$	2,090,000	4/1/2044	4.0%		2,090,000	-	2,090,000
Less: Discount	-				(321,350)		(33,790)	(287,560)

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year Ended	Prin	cipal		Inter				Principal	Interest
at June 30,	Local		KSFCC		Local		KSFCC	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 1,839,613	\$	330,387	\$	566,559	\$	76,728	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 643,287
2026	1,883,408		336,592		532,439		70,175	2,220,000	602,614
2027	1,929,413		325,587		489,044		63,192	2,255,000	552,236
2028	1,943,103		291,897		442,869		56,421	2,235,000	499,290
2029	1,991,771		298,229		393,361		49,740	2,290,000	443,101
2030-2034	9,622,894		1,245,106		1,185,001		148,959	10,868,000	1,333,960
2035-2039	2,062,346		462,654		295,631		31,393	2,525,000	327,024
2040-2044	 815,000		85,000		86,650		1,650	900,000	88,300
	\$ 22,087,548	\$	3,375,452	\$	3,991,554	\$	498,258	\$ 25,463,000	\$ 4,489,812

### Financed purchases

The following is an analysis of the leased property under Financed purchase by class:

						KISTA						KISTA
		Original	Maturity	Interest	Ou	tstanding					Ou	tstanding
KISTA Issue	_	<u>Amount</u>	<b>Dates</b>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2023	Ad	ditions	Reti	<u>irements</u>	June	e 30, 2024
2021	\$	408,697	3/1/2031	1.25 - 1.50%	\$	158,081				20,008	\$	138,073
2018	\$	287,002	3/1/2028	2.0 - 3.0%		142,879				29,188		113,691
2024	\$	478,624	3/1/2034	3.0 - 3.75%		-		478,624		-		478,624
Totals					\$	300,960	\$	-	\$	49,196	\$	730,388

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under Financed purchase together

with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024:

Fiscal Year Ended			
at June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest
2025	\$	99,838	\$ 19,412
2026		98,399	21,225
2027		91,250	18,174
2028		94,200	15,374
2029		70,106	12,479
2030-2034		276,595	29,873
	\$	730,388	\$ 116,537

#### Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2024 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

		2023						2024		
	Out	tstanding					Out	tstanding		
	Balance		A	dditions	Retirer	Retirements		Balance		
Sick Leave	\$	552,931	\$	59,735	\$		\$	612,666		

#### Net Pension & OPEB Liability

Activity for fiscal year 2024 for the net pension and net OPEB liabilities are below:

	2023					2024
	Outstanding					Outstanding
Description	Balance		Additions	Retirements	_	Balance
Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,327,781	\$	721,548	\$	\$	13,049,329
Net OPEB Liability	10,911,551	_		5,750,021	_	5,161,530
			-	-		
Totals	\$ 23,239,332	\$	721,548	\$ 5,750,021	\$	18,210,859

#### **NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

#### **Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)**

Plan description—Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

Benefits provided—For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first

ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state

and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 United States Code. sec. 401(h) and a 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4)(b).

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2024 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net pension liability	\$	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension		
liability associated with the District	_	70,710,397
	\$	70,710,397

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June, 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.4150%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 24 years Inflation 3.0%

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.50 -7.20%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022:

In the 2022 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase

were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality

Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was raised from 2.5% to 3.0%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two year for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, which was used prior to 2016. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.1%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.6%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	7.0%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 94,836,713	\$ 70,710,397	\$ 56,289,861

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="http://www.TRS.ky.gov/">http://www.TRS.ky.gov/</a>.

#### **County Employees Retirement System**

Plan description—Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement SystemsAnnual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

*Benefits provided:* Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$1,389,550 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

#### **CERS-Medical Insurance Plan**

In addition to the CERS pension benefits described above, recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forwardtechniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.2046%.

District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability	\$	13,126,380
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability associated with the District	<del>-</del>	-
	\$ _	13,126,380

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension revenue of \$1,387,113. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	679,527 -	\$	35,668
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		1,418,021		1,597,072
share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		1,551,575		662,180
measurement date	-	1,346,765	. <u>-</u>	<del>-</del>
	\$ _	4,995,888	\$	2,294,920

The \$1,346,765 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,			
2024	\$	(232,512)			
2025		217,715			
2026		293,034			
2027	_	(127,076)			
	\$_	151,161			

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of Pay
Amortization Period	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

2018.

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous Plans, and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Plans, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Non-US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Special Credit/High Yield	10.00%	3.65%
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	5.15%
	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine thetotal pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Ra</b>	te	1% Increase
CERS	5.50%	6.50	%	7.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 16,572,847	\$ 13,126,38	30	\$ 10,262,235

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary netposition is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

#### Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum allowable by law. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements.

#### NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier.

The following describes the postemployment benefits other than OPEB for both systems.

#### TRS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through TRS – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at

### http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans.

### Retiree Medical Plan funded by the Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description—In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$5,335,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .21903%

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net OPEB liability	\$ 5,335,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB	
liability associated with the District	4,497,000
	\$ 9,832,000

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$		\$ 1,808,000
Changes of assumptions		1,213,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		100,000	
share of contributions		2,401,000	2,956,000
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	-	442,854	
	\$ _	4,156,854	\$ 4,764,000

The \$442,854 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	<b>June 30</b> ,
2025 \$ (35)	52,000)
2026 (34	44,000)
2027 (2	21,000)
2028	17,000)
2029 (11	10,000)
Thereafter (20	06,000)
\$ (1,0	50,000)

Changes of Benefit Terms – The TRS 4 benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after Jan. 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions-

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability was determined using an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period	26 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes price inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Investment Rate of Return	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes price inflation
Inflation	2.5%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increase	3.0 to 7.5%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.5%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate Percentage of Return
Global Equity	40.0%	5.2%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Additional Categories: high yield	8.0%	1.7%
Other additional categories	5.0%	4.0%
Cash	2.00%	1.6%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.

- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the MIF were based upon the contribution rates defined in statue and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the MIF achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following MIF statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
  - Employee Contributions
  - Employer Contributions
  - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30,2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata

reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if/when the MIF is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions

equal to the actuarially determined contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the MIF's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:

- Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
- A 0% active member growth rate was assumed for the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants (membership dates beyond June 30, 2020).

Based on these assumptions, the MIF's fiduciary net position was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Commonwealth's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 6,862,000	\$ 5,335,000	\$ 4,073,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1% Decrease	<b>Current Trend Rate</b>		1% Increase
District's proportionate share	Φ.	2 0 44 0 0 0		Φ.	<b>-</b> 10 <b>-</b> 000
of net OPEB liability	\$	3,841,000	5,335,000	\$	7,195,000

# Other Post Employment Benefits Liabilities related to the Life Insurance Plan funded by - Life Insurance Plan (LIF)

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly. Benefits provided - Effective July 1, 2000, the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall:

- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of a member retired for service or disability to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system; and
- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for its active contributing members. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of an active contributing member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does

not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District \$ 110,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$563,756 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1% Municipal Bond Index Rate 2.13%

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, includes price inflation

Inflation2.5%Real Wage Growth0.25 %Wage Inflation2.75%

Salary Increase 3 to 7.5%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Amount-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5- year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as

provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.20%
International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Additional categories	5.00%	4.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the LIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

#### CERS - General Information about the OPEB Plans

#### Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

Plan description – Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

Benefits provided - Post Retirement Death Benefits - members with a least 4 years creditable service

the System will pay a \$5,000 death benefit. Insurance benefits as described above.

Contributions - Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

The unfunded medical benefit obligation of the CERS, based upon the entry age normal cost method, as of June 30, 2023 was as follows (in thousands):

Total medical benefit obligation	\$ 15,089,106
Net position available for benefits at actuarial value	(8,672,597)
Unfunded medical benefit obligation	\$ 6,416,509

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$(282,436) for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .204565 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	(282,436)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	-	-
	\$	(282,436)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$744,652. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	· <del>-</del>	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	196,901	\$	4,010,311
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		555,815		387,347
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		528,568		594,116
share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		589,431		388,432
measurement date	<del>-</del>	141,821	-	
	\$ _	2,012,536	\$	5,380,206

The \$141,821 (includes \$95,251 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,
2024	\$ (904,817)
2025	(1,112,147)
2026	(841,935)
2027	(650,592)
	\$ (3,509,491)

Implicit Employer Subsidy- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 requires that the liability associated with thisimplicit subsidy be

included in the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms-None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Date of Valuation

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

June 30, 2023

Entry Age Normal

Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2023

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of

assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.

Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.3%, varies by service

Investment Return 6.50% Payroll Growth 2.00%

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on

mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023

Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 14 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB362

enacted in 2018.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ended, the plan's insurance fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The projection of cash flows used to determine the singlediscount rate assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) that applies to CERS.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount

rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
CERS	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 530,024	\$ (282,436)	\$ (962,773)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in health care trends is below:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Trend Rate</b>	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ (905,257)	\$ (282,436)	\$	482,641	

#### **NOTE H – CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

#### **NOTE I – LITIGATION**

The District has no pending or threatened litigation involving amounts exceeding \$20,000 individually or in the aggregate as of June 30, 2024.

#### NOTE J – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts etc. Each of these

risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

#### **NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of

assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, unemployment, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

#### NOTE L – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

#### **NOTE M – TRANSFER OF FUNDS**

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	<u>To Fund</u>	To Fund Amount			
General	Special Revenue	\$	59,623	KETS	
FSPK	General		573,054	Operations	
FSPK	Debt Service		2,238,184	Debt Payments	
Capital Outlay	General	\$	276,697	Operations	

#### **NOTE N – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

For fiscal year 2024, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

<u>Plan/Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB Schedule A)	\$ 4,253,313
Health and Life Insurance	4,701,583
Administrative Fee	51,036
HRA/Dental/Vision	280,263
Federal Reimbursement	(687,532)
Technology	114,510
SFCC Debt Service Payments	544,985
Total	\$ 9,258,157

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

#### NOTE O- PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The prior year balance in the student activity account was misstated by \$8,880 and debt was misstated by \$188,120.

### NOTE P-SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### Ashland Independent School District

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budgeted A				Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
		Original	Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Taxes	Φ.	E 07E 000	F 07F 000	•	5 005 000	•	000 000
Property	\$	5,675,000	5,675,000	\$	5,995,603	\$	320,603
Motor vehicle		600,000	600,000		795,902		195,902
Utilities		1,545,000	1,545,000		1,710,389		165,389
Earnings on investments		5,000	5,000		453,104		448,104
Other local revenue		78,000	87,067		186,460		99,394
Intergovernmental - state		22,665,313	22,665,313		22,828,235		162,922
Intergovernmental - federal	_	190,000	190,000	_	315,511		125,511
Total revenues	_	30,758,313	30,767,380	_	32,285,205		1,517,825
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		21,903,691	21,900,009		20,986,343		913,666
Support Services		,,	,,		-,,-		,
Student		1,684,320	1,691,106		1,487,217		203,889
Instructional Staff		867,774	927,038		1,251,055		(324,017)
District Administration		1,059,373	1,059,373		1,261,596		(202,223)
School Administration		1,597,940	1,597,940		1,767,043		(169,103)
Business		600,248	600,248		569,173		31,074
Plant Operation & Maintenance		4.224.463	4,281,548		4,019,126		262.422
Student Transportation		1,694,713	1,695,398		1,654,279		41,119
Community Services		, ,	, ,		6,065		(6,065)
Debt Service		99,095	99.095		52.669		46,426
Total expenditures	_	33,731,617	33,851,754		33,054,567		797,187
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(2,973,304)	(3,084,374)		(769,362)		2,315,012
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment		3,000	3,000				(3,000)
Operating transfers in		0,000	0,000		849,751		849,751
Operating transfers (out)		(59,115)	(59,115)		(59,623)		(508)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(56,115)	(56,115)	_	790,128		846,243
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(3,029,419)	(3,140,489)		20,766		3,161,255
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	4,804,570	4,933,892		5,210,358		276,466
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$_	1,775,151 \$	1,793,403	\$	5,231,124	\$	3,437,721

# Ashland Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Other local revenue	\$	108,803		110,281	\$	94,941	\$ (15,340)
Intergovernmental - state		1,311,203		1,406,618		1,273,677	(132,941)
Intergovernmental - federal	_	4,889,696	_	5,331,150	_	11,260,009	5,928,859
Total revenues	-	6,309,703	_	6,848,049	_	12,628,627	5,780,578
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		2,400,769		4,935,844		6,656,162	(1,720,318)
Support Services							
Student		43,962		45,030		51,834	(6,804)
Instructional Staff		3,503,791		1,181,566		2,759,086	(1,577,520)
Business						66,360	(66,360)
Plant Operation & Maintenance				327,000		2,384,224	(2,057,224)
Other Insructional		6,500		6,020		4,232	1,788
Community Services Operations	_	413,795	_	390,728	_	416,870	(26,142)
Total expenditures	_	6,368,818	_	6,886,188	_	12,338,767	(5,452,578)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(59,115)		(38,139)		289,861	328,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		59,115		55,781		71,623	15,842
Operating transfers (out)	_		_		_	(12,000)	(12,000)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	59,115	_	55,781	_	59,623	3,842
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				17,642			(17,642)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_		_		_		<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	-	\$	17,642	\$_	-	\$ (17,642)

### ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2024 (2023)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2015 (2014)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset	0.2046000%	0.1705000%	0.2010160%	0.1971230%	0.204655%	0.201340%	0.193807%	0.190616%	0.185067%	0.194032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asse	\$ 13,126,380	\$ 12,327,781	\$ 12.816.347	\$ 15.119.171	\$ 14,393,477	\$ 12,262,220	\$ 11.344.120	\$ 9,385,192	\$ 7,957,000	\$ 6,295,000
	\$ 13,120,360	\$ 12,327,761	\$ 12,010,347	\$ 15,119,171	\$ 14,393,477	\$ 12,202,220	\$ 11,344,120	\$ 9,363,192	\$ 7,957,000	\$ 6,295,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the Distric										
Total	\$ 13,126,380	\$ 12,327,781	\$ 12,816,347	\$ 15,119,171	\$ 14,393,477	\$ 12,262,220	\$ 11,344,120	\$ 9,385,192	\$ 7,957,000	\$ 6,295,000
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 10,048,068	\$ 6,157,710	\$ 4,870,402	\$ 4,985,026	\$ 5,093,983	\$ 4,892,500	\$ 4,588,057	\$ 4,447,947	\$ 4,341,211	\$ 4,451,392
District's proportionate share of the net pensior liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payrol	130.64%	200.20%	263.15%	303.29%	282.558%	250.633%	247.253%	211.001%	183.290%	141.416%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset	57.680%	52.000%	57.330%	47.810%	50.450%	53.540%	53.300%	55.500%	59.970%	66.800%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:										
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset	0.4150%	0.4128%	0.3672%	0.4522%	0.4569%	0.4535%	0.4535%	0.4402%	0.4275%	0.4155%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asse	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the Distric	70,710,397	71,466,294	47,789,949	64,096,760	62,340,032	59,385,104	116,690,752	129,846,495	99,471,930	85,384,323
Total	\$ 70,710,397	\$ 71,466,294	\$ 47,789,949	\$ 64,096,760	\$ 62,340,032	\$ 59,385,104	\$ 116,690,752	\$ 129,846,495	\$ 99,471,930	\$ 85,384,323
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 17,798,250	\$ 17,836,024	\$ 15,889,169	\$ 15,895,758	\$ 15,782,072	\$ 15,394,026	\$ 15,147,175	\$ 14,100,836	\$ 13,325,500	\$ 13,021,597
District's proportionate share of the net pensior liability (asset) as a percentage of it covered-employee payrol	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset	57.700%	56.400%	65.590%	58.270%	58.800%	59.300%	39.830%	35.220%	42.490%	45.590%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available

#### ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

#### CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:												
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,389,550	\$ 1,074,210	\$ 990,954	\$ 974,512	962,110	826,244	708,434	640,034	552,435	553,504	611,621	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	1,389,550	1,074,210	990,954	974,512	962,110	826,244	708,434	\$ 640,034	\$ 552,435	\$ 553,504	\$ 611,621	
Contribution deficiency (excess)												
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,048,068	\$ 6,157,710	\$ 4,870,402	\$ 4,509,113	\$ 4,985,026	\$ 5,093,983	\$ 4,892,500	\$ 4,588,057	\$ 4,447,947	\$ 4,341,211	\$ 4,451,392	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	13.83%	17.44%	20.35%	21.61%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%	13.74%	
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:												
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution												
Contribution deficiency (excess)												
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 17,798,250	\$ 17,836,024	\$ 15,889,169	\$ 16,369,093	\$ 15,895,758	\$ 15,782,072	\$ 15,394,026	\$ 15,147,175	\$ 14,100,836	\$ 13,325,500	\$ 13,021,597	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for TRS or CERS.

### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

#### TRS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020:

- Remaining amortization period changed to 24 years
- Single Equivalent interest rate changed to 7.1%
- o Municipal bond rate index changed to 3.66%
- Projected salary increase changed to 3.50-7.20%
- o Investment rate of return changed to 7.1%

#### CERS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- o Remaining amortization period increased to 30 years
- o Salary increase changed to 3.30 to 10.30%

# (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

#### TRS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 24 years Inflation 3.0%

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.50 -7.20%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

#### **CERS**

The Board of Trustees uses this actuarial valuation to certify the employer contribution rates for CERS for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023 and ending June 30, 2024. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial

# ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Experience Study July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be

amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected

actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS Nonhazardous;

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% for CERS Nonhazardous and Hazardous,

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in

accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018 for

#### ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2024 (2023)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2023 (2022)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2022 (2021)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2021 (2020)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2020 (2019)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN							
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.219030%	0.303970%	0.195170%	0.435080%	0.438899%	0.435244%	0.415961%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 5,335,000	\$ 7,546,000	\$ 4,200,000	\$ 6,097,000	\$ 7,108,000	\$ 8,111,000	\$ 8,164,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	4,497,000	2,479,000	3,411,000	4,884,000	5,740,000	6,990,000	6,669,000
Total	\$ 9,832,000	\$ 10,025,000	\$ 7,611,000	\$ 10,981,000	\$ 12,848,000	\$ 15,101,000	\$ 14,833,000
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 17,798,250	\$ 17,836,024	\$ 15,889,169	\$ 14,234,367	\$ 14,079,933	\$ 13,861,733	\$ 13,074,933
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payrol	29.975%	42.308%	26.433%	42.833%	50.483%	58.514%	62.440%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	52.97%	47.75%	51.74%	39.10%	32.58%	25.50%	21.18%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN							
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	110,000	9,411	6,948	148,000	133,000	120,000	89,000
Total	\$ 110,000	\$ 9,411	\$ 6,948	\$ 148,000	\$ 133,000	\$ 120,000	\$ 89,000
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 17,798,250	\$ 17,836,024	\$ 15,889,169	\$ 14,234,367	\$ 14,079,933	\$ 13,861,733	\$ 13,074,933
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asseet) as a percentage of its covered-employee payrol	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	76.9100%	73.9700%	89.1500%	71.6000%	73.4000%	75.0000%	79.9900%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### ${\sf ASHLAND} \; {\sf INDEPENDENT} \; {\sf SCHOOL} \; {\sf DISTRICT}$

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS

#### TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

MEDICAL INCUDANCE DI ANI		2024	 2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN															
Contractually required contribution	\$	764,839	\$ 535,824	\$	347,399	\$	426,632	\$	427,031	\$	422,398	\$	415,852	\$	392,248
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		764,839	 535,824		347,399		426,632		427,031		422,398		415,852		392,248
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		 	_		_				_					
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,798,250	\$ 17,836,024	\$	15,889,169	\$	16,369,093	\$	14,234,367	\$	14,079,933	\$	13,861,733	\$	13,074,933
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		4.30%	3.00%		2.19%		2.61%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%		3.00%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN															
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u> </u>					<u> </u>								<u> </u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	 			_	-	_		_	-	_	-	_	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,798,250	\$ 17,836,024	\$	15,889,169	\$	16,369,093	\$	14,234,367	\$	14,079,933	\$	13,861,733	\$	13,074,933
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

#### ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANC PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2024 (2023)	•	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)	ing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)	ing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)	ing Fiscal Year urement Date) 2019 (2018)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN	-				 	 	-		 	 
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset		0.204565%		0.170536%	0.200969%	0.197072%		0.204603%	0.201332%	0.193807%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asse	t \$	(282,436)	\$	3,365,551	\$ 3,847,451	\$ 4,758,689	\$	3,441,330	\$ 3,574,610	\$ 3,896,184
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEE liability (asset) associated with the Distric		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	(282,436)	\$	3,365,551	\$ 3,847,451	\$ 4,758,689	\$	3,441,330	\$ 3,574,610	\$ 3,896,184
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	10,048,068	\$	6,157,710	\$ 4,870,402	\$ 4,985,026	\$	5,093,983	\$ 4,892,500	\$ 4,588,057
District's proportionate share of the net OPEE liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-2.811%		54.656%	78.997%	95.460%		67.557%	73.063%	84.920%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)		-4.63%		60.94%	73.08%	51.67%		60.44%	57.62%	52.40%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displaye as they become available.

#### ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN	 2024	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution	\$ 49,570	\$ 196,678	\$ 189,074	\$ 190,284	\$ 237,287	\$ 267,944	\$ 229,947	\$ 217,001
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 49,570	 196,678	 189,074	190,284	 237,287	 267,944	 229,947	 217,001
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 	 	 	 		 	 	 
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 10,048,068	\$ 6,157,710	\$ 4,870,402	\$ 5,065,695	\$ 4,985,026	\$ 5,093,983	\$ 4,892,500	\$ 4,588,057
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.49%	3.19%	3.88%	3.76%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%	4.73%

**Note:** Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### TRS

#### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for the medical insurance fund or the life insurance fund.

#### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables(Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8% to 7.1%. The price inflation assumption was
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

### (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

#### Medical Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level percent of payroll

Remaining Amortization 26 years, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed fair value

Inflation2.5%Real wage growth0.25%Wage inflation2.75%

Salary Increase 3.0 to 7.5%, including inflation

Discount rate 7.1%

### ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### **CERS**

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

#### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms.

#### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- o Amortization period increased to 30.
- $\circ$  Salary increase changed from 3.30 11.55% to 3.30 10.30%
- o Mortality methodology changed from RP-2000 to MP-2014
- Health care trend rates Pre-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 6.25% decreasing to 4.05% over 13 years
- Health care trend rates Post-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 5.5% decreasing to 4.05% over 11 years

### (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Contributions requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above.

Actuarial Valuations as Of June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets.

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30 years, closed at June 30, 2023

Payroll Growth 2.00% Investment Return 6.50% Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.30%, varies by service

Mortality MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of

2023

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 11 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018.

# Ashland Independent School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	_	Capital Outlay	,	District Activity Fund	School Activity Fund	-	Total
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable	\$	49,962	\$	21,548	\$ 397,845	\$	469,355
Total Assets	=	49,962	;	21,548	397,845	•	469,355
<b>Liabilities</b> Accounts Payable	_		·			-	
Total Liabilities	=	-	;	_	-	•	
Fund Balance Restricted	-	49,962	į	21,548	397,845	_	469,355
Total Fund Balance	-	49,962	,	21,548	397,845	-	469,355
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	49,962	\$	21,548	\$ 397,845	\$	469,355

#### Ashland Independent School District

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2024

		Capital Outlay	District Activity	School Activity	Total
Revenues					
From Local Sources					
Student Activities	\$	\$	14,350 \$	1,026,322	1,040,672
Earnings on Investments					-
Property Taxes					-
Other Local Revenue					-
Intergovernmental - State		276,697			276,697
Bond Issuance					<u> </u>
Total Revenues		276,697	14,350	1,026,322	1,317,369
Expenditures					
Instruction			13,150	1,036,548	1,049,698
Other Non-Instruction			,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-
Debt Service					-
Building Improvements					
		_			
Total Expenditures			13,150	1,036,548	1,049,698
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		276,697	1,200	(10,226)	267,671
CVC: Exponentarios		210,001	1,200	(10,220)	201,011
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers (Out)		(276,697)			(276,697)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(276,697)		<u> </u>	(276,697)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	1,200	(10,226)	(9,026)
Fund Balance Beginning	_	49,962	20,348	408,071	478,381
Fund Balance Ending	\$	49,962 \$	21,548 \$	397,845 \$	469,355

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## Ashland Independent School District Combining Balance Sheet of School Activity Funds June 30, 2024

#### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	_	Poage Elementary	Oakview Elementary	Hager Elementary	Crabbe Elementary	Charles Russel Elementary	Ashland Middle	Paul G. Blazer High	TOTAL
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Total Assets	\$_ =	14,178 \$ _ 14,178	11,292 11,292	17,822 17,822	10,162 10,162	7,972 \$	91,863 91,863	244,557 244,557	397,846 397,846
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	_								
FUND BALANCE School activities	- =	14,178	11,292	17,822	10,162	7,972	91,863	244,557	397,846
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ _	14,178 \$	11,292 \$	17,822 \$	10,162 \$	7,972 \$	91,863 \$	244,557 \$	397,846

#### Ashland Independent School District

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Balance

- School Activity Fund Year ended June 30, 2024

#### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

		Poage Elementary	Oakview Elementary	Hager Elementary	Crabbe Elementary	Charles Russel Elementary	Ashland Middle	Paul G. Blazer High	TOTAL
Revenues Student/Trust revenues	\$	45,351	\$ 29,780	\$ 33,638	\$ 16,103	\$ 28,704 \$	186,491 \$	686,256 \$	1,026,322
Expenses Student/Trust activities	_	49,419	29,855	29,776	16,245	34,805	194,187	682,261	1,036,548
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		(4,069)	(75)	3,862	(142)	(6,101)	(7,696)	3,995	(10,226)
Fund Balance Beginning	_	18,247	11,367	13,960	10,305	14,073	99,559	240,562	408,072
Fund Balance Ending	\$	14,178	\$11,292	\$ 17,822	\$	\$\$	91,863	244,557 \$	397,846

## Ashland Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in the Fund Balance - Paul Blazer High School Year ended June 30, 2024

NAME	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	RECEIPTS	EXPENDITURES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
GENERAL	\$ 10,478 \$	3,627	12,169	2,828 \$	4,763
CAP GOWN	1,995	3,02.	.2,.00	Σ,323 Ψ	1,995
CATS ACADEMY	765				765
TESTING FEES	8,812	3,025	3,243		
START UP	•	•	3,000		(3,000)
TECHNOLOGY FEES	643	531	55		1,119
DAF SWEEP ACCOUNT			13,150	13,150	-
INSTRUCTIONAL FEE	14,810	1,836			16,646
TEACHER POP	56	3,494	3,159	(350)	
ACADEMIC QUIZ	234	1,006	1,116		124
ART CLUB		1,015	1,774		(759)
BETA CLUB	2,926	4,013	5,076	944	2,806
CATS CATERING	1,319			(48)	1,271
ENVIRONMENTAL CLUB	48	17,580	15,047	(2,349)	232
FBLA			74		(74)
YFC	257	420	1,368	(514)	(691)
FCCLA	1,659	514	000	(514)	1,659
FRENCH CLUB	455	175	292	(36)	(152)
FRENCH HONOR SOCIETY	155	32,385	30,181	(359)	2,000
FFA	75	1,240	1,095	(000)	145
HOSA	75 230	F 070	4.040	(230)	(156)
HUMAN RELATIONS CLUB	230	5,670	4,818		1,082
KEY CLUB	266 517	E 044	2.400	(4.000)	266
ABBY MEEK MU ALPHA THETA	517 606	5,341	2,402 762	(1,920)	1,536
		1,480			1,324
NATIONAL HONOR PEP CLUB	340 1,593	2,408 405	3,307 428		(559) 1 570
SCIENCE NATIONAL HONOR	387	405 15	428 112		1,570 290
SPANISH CLUB	988	75	112		1,063
SPANISH HONOR	698	573	1,030		241
STRINGS	763	6,674	2,770		4,667
STUDENT COUNCIL	19,299	0,074	2,110		19,299
VIDEO CLUB	819	1,469	1,887	480	881
CHESS	111	10,086	10,385	400	(189)
KYA	457	558	136		879
ART SUPPLIES - TACKETT	2,064	717	665		2,116
CHOIR	2,004	717	000	(2)	(2)
CREATIVE WRITING	2	374	680	(2)	(304)
HEALTH SCIENCE	1,377	014	241		1,136
HOME EC	741	11,861	9,662	3,500	6,440
ROTC	7,049	,	0,002	0,000	7,049
THEATER ARTS	1,347	2,631	1,302	(129)	2,547
HVAC	1,711	1,672	256	( - /	3,127
TSA	,	208	208		-
WELDING		125			125
ATHLETIC GENERAL	14,146	245,701	232,740	(22,262)	4,845
ASHLAND INV TOURNEY	5,102	26,708	13,466	(5,089)	13,255
BAND	1,887	2,020	1,392		2,515
BASEBALL	1,574	100	1,163	760	1,271
BLAZING ARROWS	1,591	5,178	6,975	564	358
BOYS GOLF	4,927	8,414	4,803	70	8,608
BOYS SOCCER	\$808.87			380	1,189
BOYS TENNIS	\$125.85		21		105
CROSS COUNTRY	3,405	6,200	7,034	500	3,071
GIRLS GOLF	1,530	1,200	302	70	2,498
GIRLS SOCCER	8,643		60	270	8,853
GIRLS TENNIS	515		21		494
GIRLS BASKETBALL	4,499	39,052	38,907	(5,445)	(801)
SOFTBALL	518		1,018	500	-
SWIM TEAM	32	1,498	973	120	677
TRACK	4,155	5,750	11,554	2,645	996
BOYS BASKETBALL		37,712	37,800	3,825	3,737
FOOTBALL	73,563	83,829	90,156	5,156	72,392
VARSITY CHEERLEADING	3,700	37,660	42,724	1,364	-
VOLLEYBALL	5,038	32,910	29,102	332	9,178
WRESTLING		3,268	1,967	(409)	892
DANCE TEAM	3,672				3,672
CLASS OF 2021	609			(609)	-
CLASS OF 2022	4,468	3,415	8,037	154	0
CLASS OF 2023		12,987	8,252	2,375	7,110
CLASS OF 2024	7,894	5,068	9,236	(175)	3,551
YEARBOOK	914	108	318	(59)	645
LIBRARY	34	391	391		34
PLTW		2,785			2,785
AJM MEMORIAL STEM CLASS OF 1964	1,614	1,100	2,000		714
TOTALS	\$ 240,562 \$	686,256 \$	682,261 \$	- \$	244,557

### Ashland Independent School District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Passed Program Pass-Through Grantor/ Grantor's Through to or Award **Program Title** ALN Expenditures Number Subrecipients Amount US Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education **National School Lunch Program** 10.555 Fiscal Year 23 7750002 23 N/A 474,897 Fiscal Year 24 Fiscal Year 23 7750002 24 9980000 23 1,356,714 100,913 N/A N/A **Summer Food Service Program** 10.559 7690024 23 7.488 Fiscal Year 23 N/A 7740023 23 N/A 71,416 National School Breakfast Program 10.553 Fiscal Year 23 7760005 23 N/A 162,111 Fiscal Year 24 7760005 24 N/A 467,400 Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program 10.582 7720012 23 N/A 9,481 Fiscal Year 23 86,987 2,737,405 Fiscal Year 24 7720012 24 N/A Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal Child and Adult Care Food Program 10.558 7790021 23 N/A 7,790 Fiscal Year 24 7790021 24 N/A 24,452 State Administrative Grant for Nutrition 10.560 7700001 23 N/A 9,789 Passed Through State Department of Agriculture **Food Donation-Commodities** 10.565 Fiscal Year 24 510.4950 N/A 129,060 Total US Department of Agriculture US Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.012 3100002 23 1,855,166 535,198 3810002 23 Special Education Grants to States 84.027A 779.603 495.284 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173A 3800003 21 39,834 312,478 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84 173A 3800003 23 443 238 169 940 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173A 3800003 24 448,367 241,961 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 3800003 20 41.102 16,618 Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 3800003 23 42.901 27.931 Special Education - Preschool Grants 3800002 24 44,030 32,442 Special Education Grants to States - COVID Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.027X 4910002 22 164,740 181 1,571 84.173X 4900002 22 22,851 Special Education Cluster Subtotal 1,025,762 Vocation Education - Basic Grants to States 84.048 3710002 24 64,519 59,188 Title II A Supporting Effective Instruction 84.368 320002 22 115,677 Title IV Part A 84.424 3420002 23 81,356 64,644 Title IV Part A 84 424 3420002 24 104.520 90,186 21st Century Community Learning Centers 84.287 3400002 23 400,000 387,378 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID 12,669,812 6,047,322 84.425U 4300005 21 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID 84.425D 4200003 21 80,000 80,000 6,127,322 Passed Through Kentukcy River Foothills Development Council 04CH011203-05-00 93.600 1.257.051 33.484 **Head Start Head Start** 93.600 04CH011203-05-00 1,455,317 Total US Department of Education 9,829,513 Total Expenditure of Federal Awards 12,738,009

<sup>\*</sup> Major program

## ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Ashland Independent School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Ashland Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance whereincertain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District received food commodities totaling \$129,060.

#### NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Ashland Independent School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT  $AUDITING\ STANDARDS$ 

To the Board of Education of the Ashland Independent School District

#### Ashland, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ashland Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Ashland Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2024

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Ashland Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ashland Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Ashland Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Ashland Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CPA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

### Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Ashland Independent School District Ashland, KY

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ashland Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Ashland Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Ashland Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Ashland Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Ashland Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Ashland Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Ashland Independent School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Ashland

Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will not always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Ashland Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Ashland Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Ashland Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant
  to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Ashland Independent School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Shad J. Allen, CFA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

## ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### **SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?

Unmodified

Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed?

None reported

If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?

Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?

Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed

for major programs?

Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control for major programs disclosed that were not considered to be

material weaknesses? None Reported

What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?

Unmodified

Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?

No

Major Programs:

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – COVID 19 [ALN 84.425]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs \$750,000

Low risk auditee?

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings reported

#### FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings reported

## ASHLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT FINDINGS

There were no prior year findings.